



Pay Policy Statement 2022

This Pay Policy Statement (the 'statement') sets out the Council's approach to pay policy in accordance with the requirements of Section 38 of the Localism Act 2011. The purpose of the statement is to provide transparency regarding the Council's approach to setting the pay of its employees.

Reigate and Banstead Borough Council provides a wide range of services to around 150,000 residents, as well as visitors and businesses in the Borough. To be able to provide these services, we depend on our employees.

As at 15 September 2021 we engaged 553 directly employed permanent or fixed term employees. 56% were male and 45% female.

We also engaged 76 casual workers.

Background

The Council opted out of the terms and conditions of employment operated by the National Joint Council (NJC) for Local Government Services in 2003, and since then has adopted local terms and conditions of employment.

The local payscales cover all employees of the Council (including Chief Officers as defined below) and was approved by the Council following negotiation with relevant bodies in 2002/3.

As required by law, the Council auto enrolls all eligible employees into a pension scheme - the Local Government Pension Scheme.

Relative to most other parts of the country, the borough is expensive to move to and live in. The Council also operates in a competitive local recruitment market made more challenging by the proximity to London and large local employers.

Competition for some specialist roles remains high nationally and with our neighbouring Local Authorities, competing for the same skills and experience.

Aims of the Council's approach to pay and reward

The Council is mindful of the following five aims in its approach to pay and reward. We want to:

- 1) Recruit and retain appropriately experienced and qualified people;
- 2) Be an employer of choice;
- 3) Provide reward and recognition of high organisational performance at individual and team levels;
- 4) Maintain cost effectiveness and provide value for money; and
- 5) Comply with equal pay legislation.

Salary Budget

The Council's base revenue salary budget continues to be well managed and is built each year to reflect the resource required to deliver our ambitious corporate plan priorities.

Year	Salary Budget
2022/23	£24.0m*
2021/22	£23.5m
2020/21	£20.0m
2019/20	£18.3m
2018/19	£16.0m
2017/18	£15.5m
2016/17	£15.2m
2015/16	£14.8m

*Estimated, subject to confirmation of budget approval and 2022/23 annual pay award negotiations.

The salary budget is set taking into account various factors, including the two elements considered when reviewing employee pay:

- An annually reviewed **organisational award** paid to employees which recognises (but is not directly linked to) cost of living and overall organisational performance. This can be a consolidated award (percentage or fixed value increase), a non-consolidated award (based on a percentage or fixed value) or a mixture of both.
- A **performance reward** based on consistently high or outstanding individual performance. This award comprises of incremental progression (consolidated) and/or a performance related pay bonus (non-consolidated) in accordance with the performance appraisal scheme

Organisational Pay Award

The organisational award is usually reviewed annually, and where applicable, pay negotiations are held between the Council's management, any staff association representatives, and recognised trade unions. Longer term awards may be negotiated by agreement.

These negotiations take into consideration a range of factors; including (but not limited to) the following:

- Results of external pay benchmarking to ensure the Council is able to recruit and retain appropriately experienced and qualified employees; that it remains competitive and an employer of choice within Surrey and the immediate surrounding area;
- Recruitment and retention trends. e.g. turnover and identification of skill types or service areas where recruitment is difficult;
- The nature and level of other benefits (i.e. non-salary) provided to employees;
- The level of the national 'Real Living Wage', and statutory National Minimum Wage rates; and
- The wider economic environment and affordability.

Real Living Wage

The Council has committed to ensuring the pay rates of apprentices, casual workers and pay scales of employees mirror the national 'Real Living Wage' as determined by the Living Wage Foundation, as a minimum level of pay. From 1 April 2022 the minimum pay rate the Council will pay, will be £9.90 per hour.

This commitment will also apply to workers of any companies the Council owns and operates.

The Council has reviewed the official accreditation requirements set by the Living Wage Foundation and are confident requirements for our directly employed staff are met. To be officially recognised as an accredited Real Living Wage employer, we also need to review the

pay arrangements of our contracted services to ensure compliance. Once complete, official accreditation can be applied for.

Definition and remuneration of Chief Officers'

The Council's senior management team consists of twenty officer roles; 4 of whom are considered to be Chief Officers for the purposes of this policy statement, under the definition in the Localism Act 2011 and Local Government and Housing Act 1989:

- Head of Paid Service (Director of People)
- Statutory Officer, Monitoring Officer (Head of Legal & Governance),
- Statutory Officer, Section 151 Officer (Head of Finance - Vacant)
This responsibility is being fulfilled by an interim
- Non-Statutory Officer, reporting to Head of Paid Service (Director of Place),

Where any role listed above is vacant, the midpoint of the salary range for each role has been used for the purposes of reporting in this document.

As at 24 November 2021, the average salary of the Chief Officers is £101,612.

Including the salaries of the fourteen other officer roles which make up the wider senior management team of the Council, the average salary then becomes £83,125.

In 2022, the remuneration of the Chief Officers listed above, and the two Strategic Heads of Service, will be reviewed through an external job evaluation and pay benchmarking exercise.

Definition and remuneration of lowest paid employees

To enable meaningful comparison, the Council looks at full time equivalent salaries for this definition. The lowest paid employees are on our Administrative 3, Operative 3, or Apprentice grades. These employees include: Support Assistants, Box Office Assistants, Streetsweeper-Drivers and Grounds Maintenance Operatives.

As at 1 April 2021 the bottom point on the payscale for full time work was £18,156 (£9.67 per hour); part-time employees are paid on a pro-rata basis.

From 1 April 2022, as a minimum the bottom spine point will be £18,606 (£9.91 per hour). Annual pay negotiations expected to be resolved in early 2022, will likely increase this rate.

As previously stated, from 1 April 2022 the minimum hourly rate of pay for any direct workers such as apprentices and casual workers of the Council, will at least mirror the UK Living Wage (£9.90 per hour), which is in excess of the statutory National Minimum Wage rates.

The relationship between Chief Officers' pay, and the pay of all other employees

The Council pays all employees including Chief Officers, on the same incremental payscale structure.

Using the full time equivalent salary, the average pay for employees other than Chief Officers is £31,436; therefore, currently the ratio of average Chief Officers' pay to the average pay of other employees is just under 3:1.

The ratio of the pay of the highest paid earner - the Head of Paid Service, to the pay of the lowest paid employee is just under 7:1.

Components of employee total reward

The total reward package for all employees (including Chief Officers) comprises of salary, Local Government Pension Scheme employer contribution (where the employee has opted to join), enhanced holiday entitlement (in excess of statutory requirements), enhanced sick pay (in excess of statutory requirements), subsidised parking (where allocated), agile working benefits and other standard elements of contractual remuneration required in law.

All eligible employees have the opportunity to take advantage of a number of salary sacrifice schemes including Childcare Vouchers and the Cycle to Work scheme, and benefit from discounts on shopping, entertainment, and holidays through the employee benefits schemes.

All employees (including Chief Officers) are subject to an annual assessment of their performance, and where performance meets the appropriate standard, contractual increments will be given, until the maximum of the applicable grade for the role is reached (individual performance award).

For Chief Officers and members of the senior management team, the performance appraisal scheme results in one of five levels of rating with the potential to earn a non-consolidated bonus of 2.5%, 5% or 10% of annual salary. A rating in one of the top three categories can also result in an incremental increase within the pay scale, up to the maximum point for the role. (N.B. the middle rating results in either an increment or bonus – not both.)

For all other employees, the performance appraisal scheme results in one of four levels of rating; Outstanding Performer, Consistently High Performer, Good or Not at Required Standard. A rating of Outstanding Performer or Consistently High Performer can result in an incremental increase within the pay scale, up to the maximum point for the role. Employees who receive an Outstanding Performer rating receive a non-consolidated bonus of 2.5%, or 3% if at the maximum point for the role

Remuneration of employees on appointment

As is the case in the appointment of new employees across the Council, Chief Officers are generally appointed towards the bottom of the grade for the role or at a market level of pay negotiated on appointment.

In line with the constitution, approval of pay on appointment is made by the Head of Paid Service or officer(s) nominated by him/her. The appointment of the Head of Paid Service, Section 151 Officer, and Monitoring Officer is through recommendation from the Employment Committee to Full Council for ratification. The appointment of Directors (Non-Statutory Officers reporting directly to the Head of Paid Service), is made by the Employment Committee.

Assessing the gender pay gap

The gender pay gap is the difference in the average hourly wage of all men and women across a workforce.

The gender pay gap is not the same as unequal pay, which is paying men and women differently for performing the same (or similar) work. Unequal pay has been unlawful since 1970.

A gender pay gap does not necessarily indicate the existence of an equal pay problem, albeit a gender pay gap may be a trigger for further investigation about the reasons why the gap exists.

The Council's ability to use a formal job evaluation process, use of structured payscales, and defined processes and procedures to award performance pay increases, limits inequality in pay for roles of similar value, between the genders. As the Council has over 250 employees, by law we must publish and report specific figures around our gender pay gap as at 31 March of each year (relating to the previous year's data).

Each year, the Council's gender pay gap figures are compared against preceding year, and examined to identify if there is an inequitable cause of a significant gap between genders, which may need addressing.

Our gender pay gap figures for the past four years show that we do have a gap in terms of 'average hourly pay', but it is a gap in the favour of women - we are among a small percentage of organisations who, on average, pay women more.

The gender pay gap reports can be found via the Council's website: https://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/info/20091/organisation_and_services/737/open_data_transparency

Exceptional increases and additions to remuneration for Chief Officers

The Chief Executive (or another nominated senior officer) receives additional payments for election duties when acting as Returning Officer or Acting Returning Officer. Some of these payments made will be funded by the Government or Surrey County Council, depending on the type of election. For local elections, the Returning Officer fees are paid by the Council. The Returning Officer or Acting Returning Officer is able to make payments to any Deputy they appoint.

The Head of Paid Service, Section 151 Officer and Monitoring Officer positions attract an additional 10% salary payment respectively, to compensate for the additional duties and responsibilities that these roles hold. Again, payments (a proportion of the 10% salary payment) can be made to deputies in these roles.

As previously stated, in 2022, the remuneration of these roles will be reviewed through an external job evaluation and pay benchmarking exercise.

The use of market supplements, honorariums and one-off payments

In a few cases the Council also pays market supplements to specific groups of employees where there is evidence that the pay scale determined for the role is significantly out of alignment with the pay market, and / or where there is difficulty recruiting and retaining employees. These payments are non-contractual, and currently apply to a total of 4 positions in Development Management.

The Chief Financial Officer and Chairman of the employment committee are consulted on the application of market supplements, as per the constitution. Other payments as described below are approved by Officers through delegated authority outlined in the constitution.

On occasion, temporary honorarium payments are paid to employees, when they carry out other duties at a higher level e.g. cover for a higher graded colleague while they are on maternity leave.

There are also specific conditions for one-off bonus payments, which provide incentive and rewards for specific and exceptional achievements, such as the following:

- For delivering one-off projects clearly outside the responsibilities of the job
- For successfully carrying out something which was exceptionally difficult, or working to a much higher level for a temporary period of time
- For working unusually long or inconvenient hours because of a particular problem

Chief Officers' payments on ceasing to hold Office

Chief Officers who leave the Council's employment, will receive compensation if appropriate, in line with the Council's redundancy policy or through a negotiated settlement. These are subject to the approval of the Employment Committee and Head of Paid Service, after liaison with the Section 151 Officer.

Publication and access to information relating to remuneration of Chief Officers

A summary of Chief Officers' pay is published as part of the Council's annual accounts and is available via the Council's website: http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/info/20210/finance/268/annual_financial_reports