

REPORT OF:	Head of Places and Planning
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TO:	EXECUTIVE
DATE:	12 November 2015
EXECUTIVE MEMBER:	COUNCILLOR T. SCHOFIELD

KEY DECISION REQUIRED:	YES
WARD (S) AFFECTED:	ALL

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

(i) The revised Local Development Scheme (LDS) (Annex 1) be approved and brought into effect from 25 November 2015

#### **REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Reigate & Banstead Borough Council is required to prepare and maintain a Local Development Scheme (LDS) by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, as amended by the Planning Act 2008 and the Localism Act 2011.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:**

Reigate & Banstead Borough Council is required to prepare and maintain a Local Development Scheme (LDS) under section 15 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, as amended by the Localism Act 2011. The LDS needs to include information about the development plan documents (DPDs) to be prepared by the Council, including a timetable for their preparation.

This report presents an updated LDS (Annex 1), which has been revised to extend the timetable for preparation of the Development Management Plan and its accompanying Policies Map. The revised LDS allows more time for additional evidence gathering, for recent Government policy changes to be taken into account, and to strengthen consensus on the complex and sensitive issues that this plan needs to cover.

#### Executive has authority to approve the above recommendations

#### STATUTORY POWERS

 Reigate & Banstead Borough Council is required to prepare and maintain a Local Development Scheme (LDS) by section 15 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, as amended by the Planning Act 2008 and the Localism Act 2011. 2. The LDS is not a formal Development Plan Document, therefore it can be adopted by the Executive.

#### **BACKGROUND**

- The LDS sets out the programme for the preparation of documents that make up the Local Plan (formerly the Local Development Framework). The Council is required to keep the LDS up-to-date and make it publicly available. The statutory process for preparation of Local Plan documents is set out in the Town and Country (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012.
- 4. The LDS was last revised in October 2014.

#### **KEY INFORMATION**

- 5. The proposed updated LDS is included at Annex 1. It contains information about the formal Local Plan documents (known in legislation as DPDs) that will be prepared over the next three years, including their scope, the timetables for their production and the resources associated with document preparation.
- 6. The main focus of this LDS is the Development Management Plan (DMP), along with its accompanying Policies Map (which will give a spatial dimension to the policies within the DMP).
- 7. The timetable for preparation of the DMP has been updated and slightly extended.
- 8. It allows for a first round of public consultation on the potential DMP scope and subject matter in Summer 2016. The preparation time for this consultation document has been extended to allow for additional evidence gathering, for recent Government policy changes to be taken into account, and to allow more time to strengthen consensus on the complex and sensitive issues that this plan needs to cover.
- 9. The second stage of public consultation, on the final draft DMP (prior to submission to the Secretary of State for examination), is programmed for late Spring 2017. The anticipated adoption date for the DMP and Polices Map is now early 2018.

#### **OPTIONS**

- 10. The following options are available to the Executive:
  - a. Approve the LDS: Approving the LDS will ensure that the Council is complying with the requirements of Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004. In addition, having an up-to-date LDS provides certainty for local communities and other stakeholders about what Local Plan documents are being prepared and the timetable for their production.
  - b. Do not approve the LDS: Without an up to date LDS, the Council would fail to comply with the requirements of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.
- 11. On the basis of the above, it is recommended that the Executive approve the LDS for publication on the Council's website.

#### **LEGAL IMPLICATIONS**

12. As noted above, the Council is required to prepare and maintain a LDS. No additional legal implications have been identified.

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

13. There are no direct financial implications arising from the revision of the LDS. The preparation of the DMP will be funded from existing Planning Policy budgets. This will include staff costs, supporting studies and assessments, costs associated with public consultation exercises, and costs associated with the public examination process (Planning Inspector and Programme Officer fees).

#### **EQUALITIES IMPLICATIONS**

14. An equalities impact screening assessment has been undertaken. No equalities implications have been identified as resulting from the LDS. Individual planning policy documents will be subject to their own equalities impact assessments.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

- 15. The following risk management considerations have been identified:
- 16. Strategic Governance and Resource Management:
  - a. It is a legal requirement that all local planning authorities have an up-to-date LDS; without this, the Council will be failing to comply with the relevant legislation. To ensure that the Council is able to adopt a DMP, it is important that all statutory requirements are met.
  - b. It is important that the Council continues to demonstrate its commitment to pursuing the DMP and more generally to the plan-led approach to managing development. Without a clear programme for the preparation of the DMP in a timely manner, the Council's commitment to being plan-led may be questioned and/or challenged through speculative planning applications.
- 17. Operational Customers:
  - a. Without a revised LDS, the Council is failing to provide up-to-date information to local residents and interest groups about the timetable for preparation of local plan documents.
- 18. These risks can be managed by approving the revised LDS at Annex 1.

#### OTHER IMPLICATIONS

19. No other implications have been identified.

#### **CONSULTATION**

20. The Council's Legal and Finance teams have been consulted on this report. No additional consultation is required or proposed.

#### **POLICY FRAMEWORK**

21. The LDS forms part of the Council's Local Development Framework and is a statutory requirement. It sets out the scope and timetable for the preparation of the Development Plan documents, which form part of the Council's Policy Framework.

**Background Papers:** Equalities Impact Assessment Screening

# Reigate & Banstead Borough Council

# Local Development Scheme

**Revised November 2015** 



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#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (as amended by the Planning Act 2008 and the Localism Act 2011) requires a Local Planning Authority to prepare and maintain a Local Development Scheme (LDS). The LDS must set out the scope, and timetable for production/review, of Local Plan documents<sup>1</sup>.
- 1.2 This LDS superseded the previous version that was agreed in October 2014, and covers the period to 2018/19.
- 1.3 Following changes in legislation in 2011 and 2012<sup>2</sup> there is no longer a requirement for Local Planning Authorities to specify the timetables for producing other planning policy documents (such as Supplementary Planning Documents (SPD), the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) and the Statement of Community Involvement (SCI)) in the LDS. The Council considers that this is useful information that should be made publicly available. More information about these documents has therefore been published separately.
- 1.4 This LDS was approved by the Council's Executive on 12 November 2015 and was brought into effect from 25 November 2015. A glossary of terms is provided at Annex 1.

#### 2. Policy context

#### Legislation

- 2.1 The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004: This Act introduced new requirements for the preparation of planning policy documents across England and Wales. This included requirements for Local Planning authorities to prepare Development Plan Documents (DPDs), a Statement of Community Involvement, and a Local Development Scheme
- 2.2 The Localism Act 2011: This Act introduced further changes to the planning system, including the abolition of regional spatial strategies, the introduction of a new duty to cooperate on local authorities, and new arrangements for neighbourhood planning.
- 2.3 The Town and Country Planning (Local Planning)(England) Regulations 2012: These regulations prescribe the form and content of a Local Plan documents and the Policies Map, and set out revised procedural arrangements for preparing Local Plans.
- 2.4 All legislation is available to view at http://www.legislation.gov.uk.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Known in the legislation as Development Plan Documents (DPDs)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Localism Act 2011 and the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning)(England) Regulations 2012

#### National policy and guidance

- 2.5 National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF): The NPPF was published in March 2012. It requires that local authorities plan positively to meet the development needs of their area; and that each local authority should produce a Local Plan for its area. Local Plans should be based around a presumption in favour of sustainable development and should set out strategic priorities for the area. The NPPF requires that plans are kept up-to-date, are based on joint working to address larger than local issues, and should provide a practical framework within which decisions on planning applications can be made.
- 2.6 National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG): The NPPG provides more detail about how the NPPF should be applied in practice. It provides more information about the process for preparing Local Plans, including evidence gathering, sustainability appraisal and public consultation.
- 2.7 The NPPF and NPPG are available online at <a href="http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk">http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk</a>.

#### The current Development Plan for Reigate & Banstead

- 2.8 Legislation and national planning policy require that decisions on planning applications are made in accordance with the Development Plan for a local area, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The Development Plan in Reigate & Banstead comprises:
  - a. The Core Strategy: The Reigate & Banstead Core Strategy was adopted in July 2014. It sets the overarching framework for planning and development in the borough until 2027, including the scale and location of growth. The Core Strategy is available on the Council's website at <a href="https://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/corestrategy">www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/corestrategy</a>.
  - b. The Borough Local Plan: The Reigate & Banstead Borough Local Plan (BLP) was adopted in 2005. The majority of policies in the BLP were 'saved' by the Secretary of State in Autumn 2007. A small number of saved policies were replaced by policies within the Core Strategy, however the majority of BLP policies remain in effect, until such time as they are replaced by new policies. The BLP, and accompanying Proposals Map, is available on the Council's website at <a href="http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/blp">http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/blp</a>.
  - c. Minerals and Waste Planning Documents: Minerals and waste planning documents are prepared by Surrey County Council but form part of the Development Plan for the borough. The Surrey Minerals and Waste Development Framework comprises the following documents:
    - (i) Surrey Waste Plan (2008)
    - (ii) Surrey Minerals Plan Core Strategy and Primary Aggregates Development Plan Document (2011)
    - (iii) Aggregates Recycling Joint Development Plan Document (2013).

2.9 These are available at <a href="http://www.surreycc.gov.uk/environment-housing-and-planning/minerals-and-waste-policies-and-plans">http://www.surreycc.gov.uk/environment-housing-and-plans</a>.

#### **Supplementary Planning Documents and Guidance**

- 2.10 The Council has adopted a range of Supplementary Planning Documents (SPD) and Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG) to provide supporting information and additional detail on the implementation of policies included within adopted Development Plan documents. Whilst not a formal part of the Development Plan, SPD and SPG are material considerations in the determination of planning applications.
- 2.11 The Council's adopted SPD and SPG are available on the Council's website.

#### **Background evidence**

2.12 Local Plans are prepared drawing on a wide range of technical evidence, to ensure that future planning policies and decisions are based on robust and upto-date information. Assessment of the implications of Local Plan documents is also required, including Sustainability Appraisal (SA) and Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA). Evidence and appraisal documents are available on the Council's website at <a href="http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/planningpolicy">http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/planningpolicy</a>.

#### 3. New planning policy documents

- 3.1 Work will be undertaken on the following additional planning policy documents over the next three years.
  - a. Development Management Plan
  - b. Policies Map
  - c. Green Infrastructure Strategy
  - d. Developer Contributions SPD
  - e. Design and Parking SPD
  - f. Statement of Community Involvement (if required).
- 3.2 The following section provides a summary of the work planned on formal Local Plan documents, the Development Management Plan and the Policies Map. Separate documents setting out the timetables for preparation of the new/updated SPDs are available on the Council's website.

## 3.3 Development Management Plan

Overview			
Geographical area	Borough-wide		
Description of content	Detailed policies to guide decision making on planning		
'	applications; Development site allocations		
Chain of conformity	National Planning Policy Framework; Core Strategy		
Type of document	Development Plan Document		
Priority	High		
Timetable and key mil	estones		
Preparatory work	Until May 2016		
Regulation 18	July – September 2016		
consultation			
Regulation 19	April – May 2017		
consultation			
Submission	June 2017		
Examination	June – November 2017		
Adoption	February 2018		
Working arrangement			
Organisational lead	Head of Places and Planning		
Political management	Executive Member for Planning and Development		
	Development Management Plan Task Group		
	Development Management Advisory Group		
Internal resources	Officers: Planning Policy team; Other Council officers,		
	including from Development Management, Regeneration,		
	Economic Prosperity, and Property.		
	Members: All members input into plan preparation process.		
	Financial: staff costs, costs associated with public		
	consultation, printing and the examination process		
	(Planning Inspector and Programme Officer)		
External resources	External consultants as required		
	Stakeholder and community groups		
	Developers and landowners		
	Duty to Cooperate bodies		
Otaliah aldan	Infrastructure Providers		
Stakeholder	Informal engagement with partners and stakeholders during		
involvement	preparatory work, including those organisations that fall		
	within the scope of the Duty to Cooperate.		
	Public consultation on Preferred Options DMP, including a		
	range of consultation methods as described in the		
	Statement of Community Involvement.		
	Statutory publication consultation on issues of soundness		
	and legal compliance, and involvement at Examination		
Fridance	stage.		
Evidence	Chartenia Havaina Land Availability Assessment Cover Duly		
Key pieces of	Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment; Green Belt		
evidence:	Review; Infrastructure Delivery Plan; Sustainable Urban;		
	Extensions Study; Sustainability Appraisal; Habitats		
	Regulations Assessment		

# 3.4 Policies Map

Overview			
Geographical area	Borough-wide		
Description of content	Map illustrating geographically the application of policies within the adopted Development Plan, including local and national policy designations and local and county development allocations.		
Chain of conformity	Any Development Plan Document (including Core Strategy, DMP, Minerals and Waste Plans)		
Type of document	Local Development Document		
Priority	High		
Timetable and key milest	ones		
Preparatory work Regulation 18 consultation Regulation 19 consultation Submission Examination Adoption	To be progressed on the same timetable as the DMP, and updated as required to incorporate any changes resulting from the adoption/review of other Development Plan documents.		
Working arrangements			
Organisational lead	Head of Places and Planning		
Political management	Executive Member for Planning and Development		
Internal resources	Officers: Planning Policy team Financial: Costs associated with printing and online interactive mapping.		
External resources	External companies may be required to undertake printing of policies map and preparation of interactive online map.		
Stakeholder involvement	Stakeholder engagement undertaken as part of preparation of associated Development Plan documents (over this period, primarily the DMP).		
Evidence			
Key pieces of evidence:	n/a		

#### 4. Risk assessment

4.1 It is important to identify the risks that could affect the work programme set out in this LDS, and consider how the risks may be minimised and mitigated. Identified risks are set out in Annex 2.

#### 5. Monitoring and Review

- 5.1 The Council compiles an Authority Monitoring Report (AMR). Amongst other things this monitors progress against the milestones set out in the LDS. The AMR will identify whether milestones have been met, and if not, the reasons for this, and any proposed actions resulting from delays. It will also outline whether there has been any new technical information, changes to legislation/guidance, or other unforeseen circumstances that may warrant amendments to the LDS.
- 5.2 The AMR will also monitor
  - Policies in adopted plans to identify whether they are being successfully implemented
  - b. Progress towards the delivery of development targets in adopted plans
  - c. The delivery of allocated sites.
- 5.3 Where policies are not being implemented, development targets are not being met or allocated sites not being delivered, the AMR will identify management actions and / or contingency measures.
- 5.4 The latest AMR is available to view on the Council's website at <a href="http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/planningpolicy">http://www.reigate-banstead.gov.uk/planningpolicy</a>.

#### 6. Further information

6.1 For further information about this document, or about the preparation of Local Plan documents in Reigate & Banstead, please contact:

Planning Policy Team
Reigate & Banstead Borough Council
Town Hall, Castlefield Road
Reigate
Surrey RH2 0SH

Tel: 01737 276178

Email: ldf@reigate-banstead.gov.uk

6.2 If you wish to be added to our consultation database, to receive notifications about relevant consultations, please email the Planning Policy Team at the above email address.

# **Annex 1: Glossary**

Abbreviation	Term	Definition
AMR	Authority's Monitoring	Previously known as Annual Monitoring Report.
7	Report	Monitors progress in preparing Local Plan
		documents, and assesses the extent to which
		planning policies are being implemented
		successfully.
		Also updates monitoring information for key subject
		areas including housing, the economy and the
		environment.
CIL	Community	Sets the financial contributions to be paid on new
	Infrastructure Levy	development in the borough, to fund a wide range of
		infrastructure to support development.
DP	Development Plan	Legislation requires decision making on planning
		applications to be made in accordance with the
		Development Plan unless material considerations
		indicate otherwise. Comprises DPDs and saved
		'old-style' Local Plan policies
DPD	Development Plan	Local Development Documents that have
	Document	Development Plan Status, and are subject to
		independent examination.
LDD	Local Development	A range of different types of planning policy
	Document	documents, including DPDs, SPDs, the SCI and the
		LDS.
LDF	Local Development	An overarching term for the suite of Local
	Framework	Development Documents prepared by a local
		authority.
LDS	Local Development	A three year project plan setting out the programme
- 6	Scheme	for the production of planning policy documents.
LP	Local Plan	The Development Plan Documents that together
		comprise the Development Plan for a local authority
NPPF	Notional Diamaina	area.
INPPF	National Planning	Document setting out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to
	Policy Framework	be applied
NPPG/PPG	(National) Planning	Additional guidance provided by Government about
NI I G/I I G	Policy Guidance	how the NPPF should be implemented.
SA	Sustainability	Assesses the social, environmental and economic
O/ C	Appraisal	impact of policy options and proposed plans and
	, ippraisa.	projects to inform decision making.
SCI	Statement of	Document setting out who, how and when the
- <del></del> -	Community	Council will involve communities and other
	Involvement	stakeholders in the preparation and review of
		planning policy documents and on planning
		applications.
SEA	Strategic	Assessment of the environmental impact of plans
	Environmental	and programmes, required under European
	Assessment	legislation.
SPD/SPG	Supplementary	Document providing supporting information and
	Planning	additional detail on how Local Plan policies should
	Document/Guidance	be implemented.

# **Annex 2: Risk Management**

Risk	Likelihood	Impact	Possible consequences and mitigation
National policy changes	High	Medium	Further changes to legislation/national guidance may place different requirements on local authorities.  Emerging legislation/policy will be monitored, and officers will work closely with CLG, PINs etc as required.  Local Plan documents will be based on best information available at the time.
Changes in local political control/leadership	Medium	Medium	Changes in corporate priorities may result.  Officers will work closely with the Leader & Portfolio Holder, and other members through existing groups, to understand and manage any policy changes required.
Staffing and resources	Medium	High	Government spending cuts will continue, placing more pressure on Council resources. However the Council's plans to mitigate these are well advanced. There may, however, be pressures to reduce planning policy staff or budgets.  Project planning will help understand resourcing pressures. External consultants may be used. As a last resort, document preparation timetables may be adjusted.
Resourcing of external agencies	High	Medium	Spending cuts may also impact on Government agencies/bodies, including the Planning Inspectorate and statutory consultees. If these organisations have insufficient resources, delays to document production timetables may result.  Officers will work closely with external agencies to understand possible risks as early as possible and maintain positive working relationships. Officers will keep PINs informed about any timetable alterations
Legal challenge	Medium	High	External parties may seek to legally challenge all or part of Local Plan documents.  Officers will seek to ensure that all local plan documents are legally compliant and sound, and work closely with the Legal team and PINs to ensure that requirements are met. External legal advice may also be sought.
High levels of public interest/high volume of consultation responses	High	Medium	These risks place pressures on staff and other resources due to the need to respond to enquiries and process and consider representations.  Officers will work closely with the Council's Communications Team when issues that are likely to generate a high level of interest are consulted upon. Additional time may need to programmed into project plans to allow for the proper analysis of representations.
Evidence base becomes dated	Medium	Medium	External factors may lead to the Council's evidence base becoming out of date. Additional delays to document preparation timetables as the result of other risk factors may also result in evidence documents becoming out of date.  Officers will monitor changes and prepare or commission updated evidence studies where necessary.
Joint working with neighbouring authorities	Medium	High	Joint working with neighbouring authorities is a statutory requirement of the Localism Act (the Duty to Cooperate). In addition, some topic areas require the preparation of joint evidence bases. Different local authorities are at different stages in the plan making process, which means that joint working is not always straightforward.  Officers will continue to work closely with neighbouring authorities to share plan development timetables, identify where joint working is needed, and maintain positive working relationships.